

WALLIS^ζ

ZETA POTENTIAL MEASUREMENTS

High resolution Zeta Potential Analyzer



When knowing particle charge counts !

IDEAL FOR

Liposomes and bio-colloids
Nanoparticle aggregation
Emulsions dispersion
Formulation stability
Pigments and inks
Pharmaceuticals
Petrochemicals
Polymers
... and more



Enlight the Nanoworld

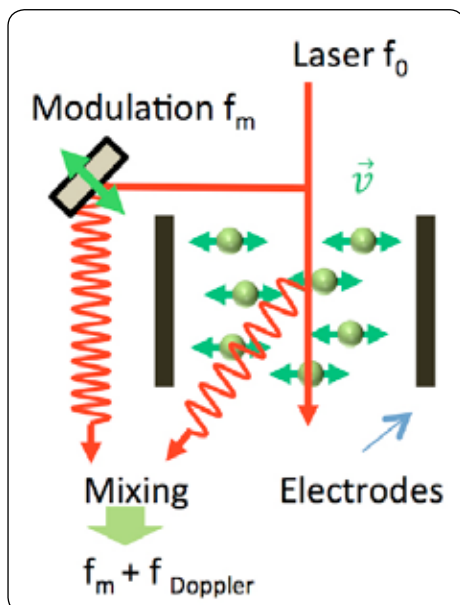
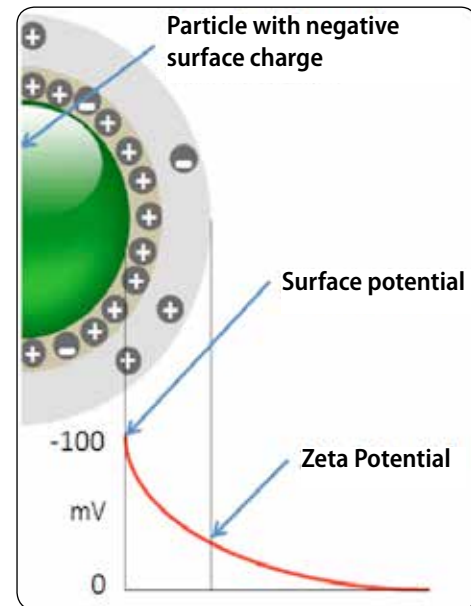


- Zeta potential : +/-200mV
- Particle size : 1nm - 100μm
- Resolution : 0,1mV (in water)

Wallis an instrument dedicated to Zeta potential

WALLIS^ζ is an innovative **zeta potential analyzer** dedicated to the characterization of **nanoparticle suspensions**. It is based on a revisited and modern version of the **Laser Doppler Electrophoresis (LDE) technique** offering a unique and unequalled measurement resolution. It is complementary to the Cordouan's **VASCO** particle size analyzer to study colloidal solution stability and properties.

Zeta potential (ζ) is a fundamental property of colloidal suspensions. Basically ζ is intimately related to the **number of electrical charges** attached to the surface of the particles when immersed in a solvent. It is thus **linked to particle-particle interaction and formulation stability** in a very complex way described by physical models like the Electrical Double Layer (EDL).



Download technical notes
www.cordouan-tech.com

Measurement principle

WALLIS^ζ works on a modern and innovative evolution of the well known and robust technique called **Laser Doppler Electrophoresis (LDE)**.

Basically, an alternative electrical field/voltage is applied between two electrodes immersed deeply in the colloidal suspension; Because of the electrostatic force, the charged particles located in between the electrodes undergo a translation motion (**electrophoresis**) which speed (v) is directly proportional to the applied electrical field by a factor μ_e called the **electrophoretic mobility**.

This parameter μ_e is determined in a very accurate manner by measuring the corresponding Doppler frequency shift $f_{Doppler}$ using a high sensitivity optical heterodyne interferometer scheme.

$$\mu_e = C^{st} (\text{Scat}) \times f_{Doppler}$$

$$\zeta = C^{st} (\text{Solvent}) \times \mu_e$$

Measurement Cell design : simple, robust, artifact free



Simple : The dip cell design allows simple and easy **sample preparation** and prevents bubble formation. It is compliant with standard cuvette and available in different materials: polystyrene, glass or quartz fully **compatible with organic solvent**.

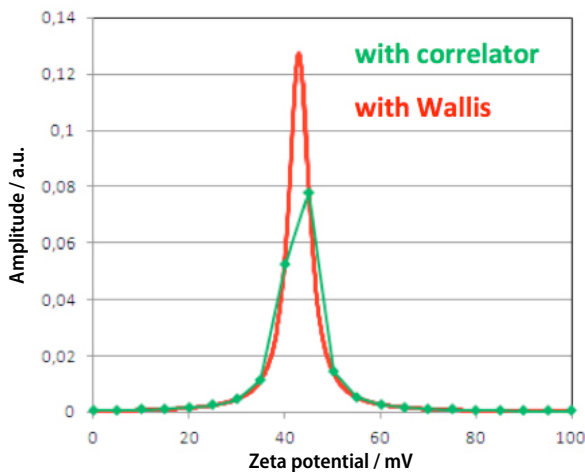
Robust : The **innovative vitreous carbon electrode** provides **long life, oxidation free** electrodes that can be easily cleaned by standard process like ultrasonic bath or acid-base washing.

Artifact free : **WALLIS^ζ optimized dip cell electrodes design** prevents from artifact like electro-osmosis effects by suppressing solvent induced displacement along the wall of the cuvette; No software correction is needed to the measured signal



WALLIS^ζ technology led to its best

Think « out of the box » for high resolution measurement



WALLIS^ζ performance comes from an original design, a subtle combination of advanced optoelectronic technologies and high speed data acquisition systems, getting rid of the limiting correlation approach. This makes **WALLIS^ζ** a unique Zeta potential analyzer with an unequalled resolution:

- » Electrophoretic mobility up to $10^{-10} \text{m}^2/\text{V}\cdot\text{s}$ resolution
- » Zeta potential up to 0,1 mV resolution (in water)

10 times higher resolution !

Key benefits

- ✓ No electro-osmosis → Artifact free measurements
- ✓ Improved LDE technology (LDE) → Efficient, reliable and simple
- ✓ Enhanced resolution → 10 times better than usual correlation technology
- ✓ High-resolution measurement → Accurate and repeatable zeta potential analysis
- ✓ Easy-to-use and intuitive graphical user interface (GUI) software → Turn key operation
- ✓ New material for long life electrodes → Reduced maintenance and consumable; cost effective
- ✓ Designed for standard disposable and quartz cuvette → Easy to fill; compatible with organic solvents and high-pH suspensions

High performances for advanced applications



Pharmaceutical



Cosmetics



Chemistry



Advanced colloid



Polymer

- Functionalization study
- Drug delivery optimization
- Quality control in manufacturing process
- Fundamental study of electrophoretic physics
- Cosmetic and industrial emulsion stability study
- Nanoparticle formulation and synthesis optimization
- Advanced colloidal stability analysis and optimization
- Ink pigment dispersion and aggregation characterization

And more...

Zeta potential [mV]	Stability behavior of the colloid
from 0 to ± 5	Rapid coagulation or flocculation
from ± 10 to ± 30	Incipient instability
from ± 30 to ± 40	Moderate stability
from ± 40 to ± 60	Good stability
more than ± 61	Excellent stability

Zeta potential analyzer

Specifications

Zeta potential range	-500 mV to 500 mV
Mobility range	10^{-10} to 10^{-7} m ² /V.s
Particle size (For zeta measurement)	1 nm up to 100 μm
Sample concentration	0.0001% to 10% w/% (solvent dependent)
Temperature control range inside the cell	10°C to 70°C +/-0,1°C (depending on cuvette cell material)
Cell options	Cuvette cell with optical quality windows compatible with organic solvents
Sample volume	Typically 750 μL (Hellma cell – 10 mm light path)
Maximum sample conductivity	300 mS/cm
Sample Type	Aqueous & organic solvents – pH: 1-14 (depending on cuvette cell material)

Signal processing

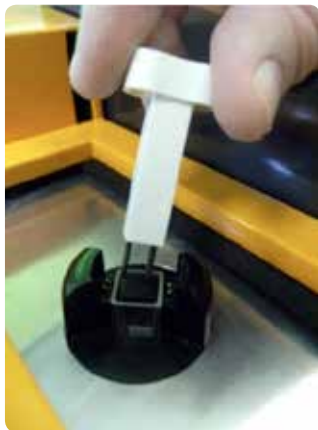
Measurement technology	Laser Doppler Electrophoresis (LDE)
Laser source	Highly reliable 20 mW diode @635 nm coupled to automated optical attenuation system. Other wavelengths available upon request
Measurement angle	Single angle for zeta potential at 17°
Data processing algorithm	Fast Fourier Transform
Resolution	Mobility = 10^{-10} m ² /V.s or Zeta = 0,1 mV (in water)
Detector	Avalanche Photodiode – APD

General

Computer interface	USB 2.0 – Windows XP, Seven
Dimensions	33 cm x 33 cm x 38 cm (HWD)
Weight	16 kg
Power	100-115/220-240 VAC, 50/60 Hz, 100 W max

System Compliance

CE certification	CE marked product - Class I laser product, EN 60825-1:2001, CDRH
ISO norm	ISO 13099-2 : 2012 – Colloidal system – methods for zeta-potential determination Part 2 : Optical methods



**Simple, easy and high-resolution
zeta potential analyzer**

